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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ORNEY DOCKET NO.
08/ <del>9</del> 84,56	2 12/03/	97 MAILLOUX	. ј	95-0653.02
021186 TM02/0730			EXAMINER	
SCHWEGMAN, LUNDBERG, WOESSNER & KLUTH			KIM_H	
P.O. BOX 2938			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
MINNEAPOL	IS MN 5540	2	2185 DATE MAILED:	21
				07/30/01

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks** 



	Application No.  Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary	08/984562 Mailloux et al, Examiner Group Art Unit				
	H. Kim 2185				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet beneath the correspondence address—				
Period for Response					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE IS SE' MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	T TO EXPIRES CTUREC MONTH(S) FROM THE				
from the mailing date of this communication.  If the period for response specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a  If NO period for response is specified above, such period shall, by defau	36(a). In no event, however, may a response be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS response within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. It, expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication . statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	1- 1				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 5/4	10 1				
☐ This action is FINAL.					
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except fo accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 €					
Disposition of Claims					
XClaim(s) 22-32, 59, 60, 6/463-	- 7 2 is/are pending in the application.				
Of the above claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
	is/are allowed.				
Claim(s) 22-32459:-72	is/are rejected.				
□ Claim(s)					
□ Claim(s)	are subject to restriction or election requirement.				
Application Papers	·				
$\hfill \Box$ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing I					
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on is ☐ approved ☐ disapproved.					
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are objected	d to by the Examiner.				
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d)					
<ul> <li>□ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under large l</li></ul>	e priority documents have been				
<ul> <li>received in this national stage application from the International</li> </ul>	national Bureau (PCT Rule 1 7.2(a)).				
*Certified copies not received:	•				
Attachment(s)					
☑Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(					
☐ Notice of References Cited, PTO-892	☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152				
☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948	☐ Other				
Office Action Summary					

U. S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 3-97)

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#### **Detailed Action**

1. Claims 22-32, 59-61, 63-65, and 66-72 are presented for examination. Claims 66-72 have been added by the amendment filed on 5/4/01. This office action is in response to the Amendment filed on 5/4/01.

2. It is noted that this application appears to claim subject matter disclosed in the co-pending section of this application. Applicants are reminded to maintain a clear line of demarcation between this application and co-pending applications to avoid possible double patenting.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 USC § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.
- 4. Claims 22-32, 59-61, and 63-65 are rejected under 35 USC 102(e) as being anticipated by Manning, U.S. Patent 5,610,864.

As to claim 22, *Manning* discloses the invention as claimed. *Manning* discloses a memory circuit, comprises control logic (Fig. 1 Ref. 38 and col.6 lines 26-32); selection and temporary

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storage circuit (Fig. 1 ref. 18); and a multiplexer (Fig. 1 Ref. 40 and Fig. 5 Ref. 66, multiplexing input address, col. 4 line 19 and selection of external address or internal counter, col. 8 lines 58+) for switching the memory circuit between a burst (col. 6 lines 14-26 and col. 7 lines 43-54) and a pipelined mode of operation (col. 5 lines 43-50).

As to claims 23 and 24, Manning. further discloses external mode select signal and enable signal (Fig. 1 Ref 38 and col.6 lines 26-32).

As to claim 25, Manning. further discloses write enable and output enable (Fig. 2).

As to claim 26, Manning. further discloses a counter (Fig. 1 Ref. 26).

As to claim 27, Manning. further discloses the counter is used in the burst mode (col. 4 lines 47-49 and col. 8 line 67).

As to claim 28, *Manning* further discloses a second external address (col. 6 lines 14+ and col. 5 lines 43-50).

As to claim 29, Manning. further discloses EDO modes (col. 4 line 50), pipeline mode (col. 5 lines 43-50), and burst mode (col. 7 lines 28+).

As to claims 30 and 31, Manning further discloses no CAS delay latency during a write cycle (col. 5 lines 66+) and at least a two CAS latency during read cycle (col. 7 lines 36-37).

As to claim 32, Manning further discloses an asynchronously accessible memory array (Fig. 1 and EDO constitutes asynchronous memory, col. 6 lines 14-16).

As to claim 59, *Manning* discloses a memory circuit (Fig. 1), comprises control logic (Fig. 1 Ref. 38 and col.6 lines 26-32); selection and temporary storage circuit (Fig. 1 Ref. 18) and a first external address (col. 4 lines 16-18 or lines 22-24); a multiplexer (Fig. 1 Ref. 40 and Fig. 5 Ref. 66, multiplexing input address, col. 4 line 19 and selection of external address or internal counter, col. 8 lines 58+); and the control signal for switching the memory circuit between a burst (col. 6 lines 14-26 and col. 7 lines 43-54) and a pipelined mode of operation (col. 5 lines 42-50), wherein the memory circuit is an asynchronous dynamic random access memory circuit (Fig. 1 and EDO constitutes asynchronous memory, col. 6 lines 14-16).

As to claim 60, *Manning* disclose the invention as claimed in claim 22. *Manning* further discloses control logic for providing an external address (col. 6 lines 14+) and the control logic for receiving the first external address and the external mode control signal respectively therefrom and for switching the memory circuit between a first mode of operation and a second mode of operation (col. 6 lines 14+).

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As to claim 61, Manning disclose the invention as claimed in claim 22. Manning further discloses control logic for providing an internal mode control signal (Fig. 1, col. 7 lines 28+, control of /OE signal, CAS latency, and burst length read on this limitation, and col.6 lines 26-32).

As to claim 63, Manning disclose the invention as claimed. Manning discloses a memory circuit, comprises control logic for providing a selected mode control signal (Fig. 1 Ref. 38, col.6 lines 26-32 and col. 7 lines 28+); selection and temporary storage circuit (Fig. 1 Ref. 18) and a first external address (col. 4 lines 16-18 or lines 22-24) and a second external address (col. 5 lines 43-50); a first multiplexer (Fig. 1 Ref. 40 and Fig. 5 Ref. 66, multiplexing input address, col. 4 line 19); a second multiplexer (Fig. 1 Ref. 26, selection of external address or internal counter, col. 8 lines 58+); and the control logic for switching the memory circuit between a burst (col. 6 lines 14-26 and col. 7 lines 43-54) and a pipelined mode of operation (col. 5 lines 43-50).

As to claim 64, *Manning* further disclose a counter (col. 8 lines 58+).

As to claim 65, *Manning* disclose the invention as claimed. *Manning* discloses a memory circuit, comprises control logic for providing a mode control indicating a pipelined mode (col. 5 lines 43-50) or a burst mode of operation (col. 6 lines 14+); selection and temporary storage circuit (Fig. 1 Ref. 18) and a first external address (col. 4 lines 16-18 or lines 22-24) and a second

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external address (col. 5 lines 43-50); a counter (col. 8 lines 58+); and a pair of multiplexer (Fig. 1 Ref 40 and Fig. 5 Ref. 66, multiplexing input address, col. 4 line 19 and selection of external address or internal counter, col. 8 lines 58+).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 22-32, 59-61, 63-65, and 66-72 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Burst DRAM Function & Pinout, Oki Electronic Ind. Co., Ltd (Oki), JC42.3, Albuquerque, 2nd presentation, item # 619, September 1994 in view of Manning, U.S. Patent 5,610,864.

As to claim 66, Oki discloses a memory circuit, comprising: control logic (page 2 BE pin) and receiving an initial external address (page 2 A). Although Oki discloses control logic (page 2 BE pin) for burst and normal page, Oki does not specifically disclose selection and temporary storage circuit; and a multiplexer for switching the memory circuit between a burst and a pipelined mode of operation.

Manning discloses selection and temporary storage circuit (Fig. 1 ref. 18); and a multiplexer (Fig. 1 Ref. 40 and Fig. 5 Ref. 66, multiplexing input address, col. 4 line 19 and

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selection of external address or internal counter, col. 8 lines 58+) for switching the memory circuit

between a burst (col. 6 lines 14-26 and col. 7 lines 43-54) and a pipelined mode of operation (col.

5 lines 43-50) because it would provided high speed data access and for compatibility with new

and latest protocols and devices (abstract 2-3).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time

the invention was made to incorporate selection and temporary storage circuit and a multiplexer

for switching the memory circuit between a burst and a pipelined mode of operation of Manning

in the invention of Oki because it would provide high speed data access and for compatibility with

new industry standard and latest protocols or devices thereby more marketable. The advantage

of increasing the memory speed provide sufficient suggestion and motivation to one of ordinary

skill in the memory art to follow the teaching of Manning into invention of Oki.

As to claims 67 and 68, Manning. further discloses external mode select signal and enable

signal (Fig. 1 Ref 38 and col.6 lines 26-32).

As to claim 69, Manning, further discloses a write enable signal (Fig. 2 /WE).

As to claim 70, Manning. further discloses an output enable signal (Fig. 2 /OE).

As to claim 71, Manning. further discloses a counter (Fig. 1 Ref. 26).

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As to claim 72, Manning. further discloses EDO modes (col. 4 line 50), pipeline mode

(col. 5 lines 43-50), and burst mode (col. 7 lines 28+).

As to claim 22, Oki and Manning disclose the invention as claimed in claim 66. Oki

discloses a memory circuit, comprising: control logic (page 2 BE pin) and receiving an initial

external address (page 2 A). Manning further discloses a memory circuit, comprises control

logic (Fig. 1 Ref. 38 and col.6 lines 26-32); selection and temporary storage circuit (Fig. 1 ref.

18); and a multiplexer (Fig. 1 Ref. 40 and Fig. 5 Ref. 66, multiplexing input address, col. 4 line 19

and selection of external address or internal counter, col. 8 lines 58+) for switching the memory

circuit between a burst (col. 6 lines 14-26 and col. 7 lines 43-54) and a pipelined mode of

operation (col. 5 lines 43-50).

As to claims 23 and 24, Manning. further discloses external mode select signal and enable

signal (Fig. 1 Ref 38 and col.6 lines 26-32).

As to claim 25, Manning. further discloses write enable and output enable (Fig. 2).

As to claim 26, Manning. further discloses a counter (Fig. 1 Ref. 26).

As to claim 27, Manning. further discloses the counter is used in the burst mode (col. 4

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lines 47-49 and col. 8 line 67).

As to claim 28, *Manning* further discloses a second external address (col. 6 lines 14+ and col. 5 lines 43-50).

As to claim 29, Manning. further discloses EDO modes (col. 4 line 50), pipeline mode (col. 5 lines 43-50), and burst mode (col. 7 lines 28+).

As to claims 30 and 31, Manning further discloses no CAS delay latency during a write cycle (col. 5 lines 66+) and at least a two CAS latency during read cycle (col. 7 lines 36-37).

As to claim 32, Manning further discloses an asynchronously accessible memory array (Fig. 1 and EDO constitutes asynchronous memory, col. 6 lines 14-16).

As to claim 59, *Oki* and Manning disclose the invention as claimed in claim 66. *Oki* discloses a memory circuit, comprising: control logic (page 2 BE pin) and receiving an initial external address (page 2 A). *Manning* further discloses a memory circuit (Fig. 1), comprises control logic (Fig. 1 Ref. 38 and col.6 lines 26-32); selection and temporary storage circuit (Fig. 1 Ref. 18) and a first external address (col. 4 lines 16-18 or lines 22-24); a multiplexer (Fig. 1 Ref. 40 and Fig. 5 Ref. 66, multiplexing input address, col. 4 line 19 and selection of external address

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or internal counter, col. 8 lines 58+); and the control signal for switching the memory circuit between a burst (col. 6 lines 14-26 and col. 7 lines 43-54) and a pipelined mode of operation (col. 5 lines 42-50), wherein the memory circuit is an asynchronous dynamic random access memory circuit (Fig. 1 and EDO constitutes asynchronous memory, col. 6 lines 14-16).

As to claim 60, *Oki* and Manning disclose the invention as claimed in claim 22. *Oki* discloses a memory circuit, comprising: control logic (page 2 BE pin) and receiving an initial external address (page 2 A). *Manning* further discloses control logic for providing an external address (col. 6 lines 14+) and the control logic for receiving the first external address and the external mode control signal respectively therefrom and for switching the memory circuit between a first mode of operation and a second mode of operation (col. 6 lines 14+).

As to claim 61, *Oki* and Manning disclose the invention as claimed in claim 22. *Oki* discloses a memory circuit, comprising: control logic (page 2 BE pin) and receiving an initial external address (page 2 A). *Manning* further discloses control logic for providing an internal mode control signal (Fig. 1, col. 7 lines 28+, control of /OE signal, CAS latency, and burst length read on this limitation, and col.6 lines 26-32).

As to claim 63, *Oki* and Manning disclose the invention as claimed in claim 22. *Oki* discloses a memory circuit, comprising: control logic (page 2 BE pin) and receiving an initial

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external address (page 2 A). *Manning* further discloses a memory circuit, comprises control logic for providing a selected mode control signal (Fig. 1 Ref. 38, col.6 lines 26-32 and col. 7 lines 28+); selection and temporary storage circuit (Fig. 1 Ref. 18) and a first external address (col. 4 lines 16-18 or lines 22-24) and a second external address (col. 5 lines 43-50); a first multiplexer (Fig. 1 Ref. 40 and Fig. 5 Ref. 66, multiplexing input address, col. 4 line 19); a second multiplexer (Fig. 1 Ref. 26, selection of external address or internal counter, col. 8 lines 58+); and the control logic for switching the memory circuit between a burst (col. 6 lines 14-26 and col. 7 lines 43-54) and a pipelined mode of operation (col. 5 lines 43-50).

As to claim 64, Manning further disclose a counter (col. 8 lines 58+).

As to claim 65, *Oki* and Manning disclose the invention as claimed in claim 22. *Oki* discloses a memory circuit, comprising: control logic (page 2 BE pin) and receiving an initial external address (page 2 A). *Manning* further discloses a memory circuit, comprises control logic for providing a mode control indicating a pipelined mode (col. 5 lines 43-50) or a burst mode of operation (col. 6 lines 14+); selection and temporary storage circuit (Fig. 1 Ref. 18) and a first external address (col. 4 lines 16-18 or lines 22-24) and a second external address (col. 5 lines 43-50); a counter (col. 8 lines 58+); and a pair of multiplexer (Fig. 1 Ref 40 and Fig. 5 Ref. 66, multiplexing input address, col. 4 line 19 and selection of external address or internal counter, col. 8 lines 58+).

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### Response to Amendment

7. Applicant's arguments filed on 5/4/01 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's remarks on pages 4-6 concerning the references not teaching switching between a burst mode and pipeline mode is not considered persuasive.

Oki discloses a memory circuit comprises control logic (page 2 BE pin) and receiving an initial external address (page 2 A). Although Oki discloses control logic for burst and normal page, Oki does not specifically disclose a pipeline mode. However it was well known in the memory art at the time the invention was made to use the pipeline mode to access memory per each cycle thereby increasing the access speed. For example, Manning discloses limitation of "the current invention include a pipelined architecture" (col. 5 lines 43-49) and "switching between standard fast page mode (non-EDO) and burst mode" (see col 6 lines 14-16 & Fig. 1 and col. 7 lines 44-55), in other words, Manning discloses a mode circuitry to select between fast page pipeline and burst since Manning discloses that the current invention include a pipelined architecture (col. 5 lines 43-49) which would increase accessing speed. Therefore, broadly written claims are disclose by the references cited.

Also page 77 in "Rossini, Pentium, PCI-ISA, Chip set", Symphony Laboratories, June 1995 (See IDS filed on 3/2/1999) also discloses selecting between burst and burst pipeline in SRAM.

Therefore, broadly written claims are disclose by the references cited.

#### Conclusion

- 8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 9. A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to expire 3 (three) months and 0 (zero) days from the mail date of this letter. Failure to respond within the period for response will result in **ABANDONMENT** of the application (see 35 USC 133, MPEP 710.02, 710.02(b)).
- 10. Applicants are requested to number each line of each <u>claim</u> starting with line number one to provide easier communication in the future.
- 11. When responding to the office action, Applicant is advised to clearly point out the patentable novelty which he or she thinks the claims present in view of the state of the art disclosed by the references cited or the objections made. He or she must also show how the amendments avoid such references or objections. See 37 C.F.R. § 1.111(c).
- 12. When responding to the office action, Applicants are advised to provide the examiner with the line numbers and page numbers in the application and/or references cited to assist examiner to locate the appropriate paragraphs.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner 13. should be directed to Hong Kim whose telephone number is (703) 305-3835. The Examiner can normally be reached on the weekdays from 8:30 AM to 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Do Yoo, can be reached on (703) 308-4908.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

14. Any response to this action should be mailed to:

> Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 308-6296 or (703) 308-6165

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington. VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

HK

long lan Patent Examiner July 27, 2001